

Figure 6

Figure 6 displays 18 histograms arranged in two columns of nine rows each. Each histogram shows the frequency distribution of a specific variable. The x-axis for all histograms ranges from -0.5 to 0.5. The y-axis represents frequency, with scales varying by row. The variables are labeled as follows:

- Row 1: $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{min}}$
- Row 2: $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{min}}$
- Row 3: $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{min}}$
- Row 4: $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{min}}$
- Row 5: $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{min}}$
- Row 6: $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{min}}$
- Row 7: $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{min}}$
- Row 8: $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{min}}$
- Row 9: $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta \text{C}_{\text{min}}$

The histograms show various distributions, some centered around zero and others shifted towards positive or negative values.

3.5